

1 1・2年の復習

1 be動詞

p4

- 1 is an am busy  
is / She is is  
There is are you / I'm  
was, busy Whose, these / They are  
Were, in / I wasn't

2 (これは)長いえんぴつです。  
(このえんぴつ)は長い。

p5

- 3 is an These, apples  
These boxes Those are dictionaries  
Those houses, are

2 一般動詞

- 1 like  
watch  
studies  
gets up  
don't use  
does, have / He has  
played, after school  
visited

p6

- didn't  
study / He studied  
wrote, in English  
read  
read / she did  
did, eat[have] / I ate[had]  
swam  
met[saw]

- 2 went came had  
got made said  
did found saw  
met wrote became  
heard put cut  
read ate bought  
ran lost began  
gave took knew  
spoke taught stood  
told swam broke

3 進行形(2種類ある)

p7

- 1 is playing  
Are, writing / I am I'm not.  
are doing / I'm listening  
are skiing  
is studying  
were running  
were, doing / I was reading  
were swimming  
is playing / is  
was sitting, at that time / was  
were, playing / were playing

p8

- 1 There is  
There were

4 There is(was)・There are(were) - の文

- There is  
are there / There are  
were there / There were  
weren't any  
2 weren't any  
机の上には本が(1冊もありませんでした。)  
Are there many  
weren't any  
has  
has twelve  
p9  
There are, in  
many parks, our city

5 命令文

- 1 Look at  
sing  
Be kind to  
Be quiet  
Be careful  
Let's play  
Hurry, and  
Hurry, or

6 助動詞 will - Will you -

- 1 will study / is going to study  
Will, tomorrow  
p10  
won't do, tomorrow  
will, tomorrow  
Will[Can] you / right  
Will[Can] you / Sure

7 助動詞 shall -

- 1 Shall I / please  
Shall we, together / let's let's not  
Would you like / thank you

8 助動詞 must - have to -

- 1 must / has to  
Must I / I have to  
had to  
You must not speak / Don't speak  
p11  
You must not / Don't  
doesn't have to  
have to / don't have to

9 助動詞 can - be able to -

- 1 can / is able to  
can't / isn't able to  
could / was able to  
be able to

10 助動詞 may - can - must be - had better -

- 1 May[Can] I help  
May[Can] I speak  
may be  
p12  
may be  
must be an  
may[can] use  
had better  
had better not

## 12 動名詞(一般動詞にing)

- 1 swimming, / to swim  
Listening  
To listen  
working, / to work

p13

playing  
finished reading  
wanted to  
hopes to  
to talk / stopped talking

## 13 接続詞

- 1 If it is, will  
Because, couldn't  
Do, before  
and / or  
If / If, won't  
When, was watching

## 14 形容詞 副詞

p14

- |   |             |              |           |
|---|-------------|--------------|-----------|
| 1 | long        | short        | old       |
|   | new         | old          | young     |
|   | tall        | short        | big       |
|   | little      | large        | small     |
|   | hot         | cold         | nice      |
|   | easy        | pretty[cute] | high      |
|   | busy        | heavy        |           |
| 2 | early       | fast         | well hard |
| 3 | beautiful   | difficult    |           |
|   | popular     | important    |           |
|   | interesting | famous       |           |
|   | useful      | exciting     |           |
| 4 | slowly      | quickly      |           |

## 15 同等比較

- 1 as, as gets, as  
as, as as, as  
not as, as as new as

p15

as, as as large[big] as  
as hard as as well as  
as young as run, fast

## 16 つぶりの短い形容詞の比較級

- 1 older than older than  
higher than busier than  
larger than easier than  
younger than older than  
bigger than nicer than mine

p16

## 17 Which・Whoを使った比較級

- 1 Which, larger, or  
Which, higher, or  
Who, younger, or  
Which, bigger this box  
Which, smaller this apple  
Which, larger / Canada  
Who, taller, or / Kumi is  
Who, busier / is  
Which, taller[higher], building  
Which, easier

## 18 つぶりの短い形容詞の最上級

- 1 the busiest in  
the hottest month  
the highest mountain  
the longest river

p17

the easiest of  
the tallest in  
the longest river  
the prettiest of  
the smallest of  
the biggest[largest] cities

## 19 Which・Whoを使った最上級

- 1 the oldest  
the nicest / is  
the youngest / is  
the shortest / am  
the tallest in  
the biggest[largest] bike[bicycle] of  
the longest river in  
the easiest, of

## 20 つぶりの長い形容詞の比較級

p18

- 1 more interesting  
more difficult  
more popular  
more useful  
more beautiful than  
more famous than  
more important than  
more difficult than

## 21 つぶりの長い形容詞の最上級

- 1 the most useful of  
the most interesting of  
the most famous, in  
the most difficult of  
the most popular, in

## 22 Which・Whoを使った比較級・最上級

p19

- 1 more difficult, or / is  
more popular, or / is  
the most popular in / is

## 23 つぶりの短い副詞の比較級・最上級

- 1 faster than  
better than  
the hardest of

## 24 つぶりの長い副詞の比較級・最上級

- 1 more slowly  
more slowly than  
the most slowly in

## 25 likeを使った比較級・最上級

p20

- 1 likes, better than  
like, best of  
like better, or / like, better  
like, best / like summer, best