

高校数

解答

p2

例1

次数...2 係数... -3 次数...4 係数...5

次数...6 係数... $-\frac{2}{3}$ 次数...かけあわされた文字の部分
係数...文字を含む項の数の部分

練習 次数...3 係数...4 次数...4 係数... -2

次数...6 係数... $\frac{1}{2}$

例2

次数...1 係数... -3² 次数...3 係数...4x²z次数...2 係数... $-\frac{2}{3}y^2$

着目した文字以外の文字は係数と考える

練習 次数...2 係数...6y 次数...3 係数... -x²y次数...1 係数... $\frac{1}{2}a^2d$

例3

5次式, 2 3次式, -6

多項式の次数...各項の次数のうちで最も大きいもの

練習 4次式, 4 7次式, 7

p3

例4

2次式, -5 3次式, 2x

着目した文字以外の文字は係数と考える

練習 2次式, 3y - 6 2次式, -2x²z

例5

 $x^2y + x^2y^2 - xy^3 + y$

降べき...次数の高い順

昇べき...次数の低い順

練習 $-3x^2 + 6x^2 + 2x + 7$ $-3x^2 + xy^2 + 2y + 1$ $x^2 + 5x^2y - 2xy + 2y^2$ $2x^2 + 4x^2 + 3xy + y$

例6

 $3x^2 - 3x + 3$ $A = 5x^2 - 2 - (2x^2 + 3x - 5)$ $= 3x^2 - 3x + 3$ 練習 $6x^2 - 9x + 1$ $-9x^2 - 3x + 2$ $5x^2 + x - 3$ $-11x^2 + 4xy - 10y^2$

p4

例7

 $7x + 3y + 2$

() { } [] の順にカッコをとる

練習 $8y - 3x + 2$ -9 $-4 - 4x$ $-8x^2 + 6x$

例8

 a^2 $-8x^2y^3$ $2a^2b^3$ 指数法則... $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$ $(a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}$ $(ab)^n = a^n b^n$ 練習 a^2 a^3 $-a^2b^3c^2$ $2a^2b^3$ $3a^2b^3$ $4a^2b^0$

p5

1 次数...1 係数... -5y² 次数...4 係数... -2x³次数...2 係数... $-\frac{1}{3}a^2c$

2 2次式, -5

2次式, -1

3 $-4x^2yz + 6x^2 + 2xy^2 - 3y$ $-3x^2 + 8x^2y^2 - 2xy + 5$ 4 $6x^2 - 4x + 5$ $-10x^2 + 5x - 1$ 4 $4x^2 - 4x - 9$ $-11x^2 + 3xy - 8y^2$ 5 a^2 a^{10} $a^2b^2c^2$ $5a^2b^3$ $3a^2b^3$ $27a^2b^3$

p6

例1

 $(x+1)^2 - 1$ $(x-4)^2 - 16$
 $x^2 + 2x = x^2 + 2x + 1 - 1 = (x+1)^2 - 1$

xの係数2の半分の2乗を加えて引く

 $x^2 - 8x = x^2 - 8x + 16 - 16 = (x-4)^2 - 16$

xの係数 -8の半分の2乗を加えて引く

練習 $(x+2)^2 - 4$ $(x+4)^2 - 16$ $(x+5)^2 - 25$ $(x-1)^2 - 1$ $(x+3)^2 - 9$ $(x-2)^2 - 4$

例2

 $(x+2)^2 - 1$ $(x-3)^2 - 10$
 $x^2 + 4x + 3 = x^2 + 4x + 3 - 4 = (x+2)^2 - 1$

xの係数4の半分の2乗を加えて引く

 $x^2 - 6x - 1 = x^2 - 6x + 9 - 1 - 9 = (x-3)^2 - 10$

xの係数 -6の半分の2乗を加えて引く

練習 $(x-1)^2 - 7$ $(x+4)^2 - 19$ $(x-5)^2 - 20$ $(x+3)^2 - 7$ $(x+6)^2 - 29$ $(x-4)^2 - 13$ $(x+2)^2 - 8$ $(x-3)^2 - 8$ $(x-1)^2 - 3$ $(x+6)^2 - 43$ $(x+4)^2 - 12$ $(x+5)^2 - 30$

例3

 $2(x+1)^2 - 2$ $4(x-3)^2 - 36$ $2x^2 + 4x = 2(x^2 + 2x) = 2(x^2 + 2x + 1 - 1)$ $= 2((x+1)^2 - 1) = 2(x+1)^2 - 2$ $4x^2 - 24x = 4(x^2 - 6x) = 4(x^2 - 6x + 9 - 9)$ $= 4((x-3)^2 - 9) = 4(x-3)^2 - 36$

p7

練習

 $2(x+2)^2 - 8$ $3(x-4)^2 - 48$ $4(x+3)^2 - 36$ $5(x-1)^2 - 5$ $2(x-3)^2 - 18$ $2(x-4)^2 - 32$ $3(x+5)^2 - 75$ $3(x+2)^2 - 12$ $5(x+1)^2 - 5$ $2(x+3)^2 - 18$ $2(x-2)^2 - 8$ $4(x-2)^2 - 16$

例4

 $3(x+1)^2 - 7$ $2(x-2)^2 - 3$ $3x^2 + 6x - 4 = 3(x^2 + 2x) - 4$ $= 3(x^2 + 2x + 1 - 1) - 4$ $= 3((x+1)^2 - 1) - 4$ $= 3(x+1)^2 - 7$ $2x^2 - 8x + 5 = 2(x^2 - 4x) + 5$ $= 2(x^2 - 4x + 4 - 4) + 5$ $= 2((x-2)^2 - 4) + 5$ $= 2(x-2)^2 - 3$ 練習 $4(x+1)^2 + 3$ $2(x-3)^2 - 24$ $5(x+5)^2 - 127$ $3(x-4)^2 - 49$ $4(x-1)^2 + 1$ $2(x+3)^2 - 15$

p8

 $5(x-6)^2 - 176$ $2(x+2)^2 - 7$

$$\begin{array}{ll} 2(x-2)^2 - 2 & 2(x-4)^2 - 35 \\ 3(x+3)^2 - 25 & 4(x-5)^2 - 105 \end{array}$$

例5

$$\begin{aligned} & -(x-1)^2 + 1 && -(x+3)^2 + 9 \\ & -x^2 + 2x = -(x^2 - 2x) = -(x^2 - 2x + 1 - 1) \\ & & & = -((x-1)^2 - 1) = -(x-1)^2 + 1 \\ & -x^2 - 6x = -(x^2 + 6x) = -(x^2 + 6x + 9 - 9) \\ & & & = -((x+3)^2 - 9) = -(x+3)^2 + 9 \end{aligned}$$

練習
$$\begin{array}{ll} -(x-2)^2 + 4 & -(x+4)^2 + 16 \\ -(x-3)^2 + 9 & \end{array}$$

例6

$$\begin{aligned} & -2(x-2)^2 + 8 && -3(x+6)^2 + 108 \\ & -2x^2 + 8x = -2(x^2 - 4x) = -2(x^2 - 4x + 4 - 4) \\ & & & = -2((x-2)^2 - 4) = -2(x-2)^2 + 8 \\ & -3x^2 - 36x = -3(x^2 + 12x) \\ & & & = -3(x^2 + 12x + 36 - 36) \\ & & & = -3((x+6)^2 - 36) \\ & & & = -3(x+6)^2 + 108 \end{aligned}$$

練習
$$\begin{array}{ll} -3(x-1)^2 + 3 & -2(x+4)^2 + 32 \\ -4(x-5)^2 + 100 & \end{array}$$

p9

例7

$$\begin{aligned} & -(x-2)^2 + 5 && -(x+4)^2 + 20 \\ & -x^2 + 4x + 1 = -(x^2 - 4x) + 1 \\ & & & = -(x^2 - 4x + 4 - 4) + 1 \\ & & & = -((x-2)^2 - 4) + 1 \\ & & & = -(x-2)^2 + 5 \\ & -x^2 - 8x + 4 = -(x^2 + 8x) + 4 \\ & & & = -(x^2 + 8x + 16 - 16) + 4 \\ & & & = -((x+4)^2 - 16) + 4 \\ & & & = -(x+4)^2 + 20 \end{aligned}$$

練習
$$\begin{array}{ll} -(x+2)^2 + 7 & -(x-1)^2 - 2 \\ -(x+3)^2 + 11 & -(x+1)^2 - 1 \\ -(x-4)^2 + 15 & -(x-3)^2 + 5 \\ -(x-2)^2 - 2 & -(x-4)^2 + 22 \\ -(x+2)^2 - 3 & -(x+4)^2 + 23 \\ -(x+1)^2 + 6 & -(x+3)^2 + 4 \end{array}$$

例8

$$\begin{aligned} & -2(x-1)^2 + 7 && -3(x-3)^2 + 29 \\ & -2x^2 + 4x + 5 = -2(x^2 - 2x) + 5 \\ & & & = -2(x^2 - 2x + 1 - 1) + 5 \\ & & & = -2((x-1)^2 - 1) + 5 \\ & & & = -2(x-1)^2 + 7 \\ & -3x^2 + 18x + 2 = -3(x^2 - 6x) + 2 \\ & & & = -3(x^2 - 6x + 9 - 9) + 2 \\ & & & = -3((x-3)^2 - 9) + 2 \\ & & & = -3(x-3)^2 + 29 \end{aligned}$$

練習
$$\begin{array}{ll} -2(x-2)^2 + 9 & -3(x+1)^2 + 2 \\ -2(x+3)^2 + 15 & \end{array}$$

p10

$$\begin{array}{ll} -4(x+5)^2 + 106 & -2(x+2)^2 + 11 \\ -4(x-4)^2 + 59 & -2(x+6)^2 + 73 \\ -3(x-3)^2 + 23 & -4(x+1)^2 + 1 \\ -3(x+5)^2 + 79 & -2(x-2)^2 + 15 \\ -2(x-4)^2 + 25 & \end{array}$$

例9

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2}(x-1)^2 - \frac{1}{2} && -\frac{1}{3}(x+3)^2 + 3 \\ & \frac{1}{2}x^2 - x = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 2x) = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 2x + 1 - 1) \\ & & & = \frac{1}{2}((x-1)^2 - 1) = \frac{1}{2}(x-1)^2 - \frac{1}{2} \\ & -\frac{1}{3}x^2 - 2x = -\frac{1}{3}(x^2 + 6x) = -\frac{1}{3}(x^2 + 6x + 9 - 9) \\ & & & = -\frac{1}{3}((x+3)^2 - 9) = -\frac{1}{3}(x+3)^2 + 3 \end{aligned}$$

練習
$$\begin{array}{ll} \frac{1}{2}(x-2)^2 - 2 & -\frac{1}{2}(x-4)^2 + 8 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(x+4)^2 - 4 \quad -\frac{1}{2}(x-1)^2 + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(x-3)^2 - \frac{9}{2} \quad -\frac{1}{2}(x+4)^2 + 8$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(x+3)^2 - 3 \quad -\frac{1}{2}(x-3)^2 + \frac{9}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(x+2)^2 - 2$$

p11

$$-\frac{1}{4}(x+4)^2 + 4 \quad \frac{1}{3}(x-3)^2 - 3$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}(x+1)^2 + \frac{1}{2}$$

例10

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{4}(x+4)^2 + 1 && \frac{1}{4}(x+2)^2 + 4 \\ & -\frac{1}{4}x^2 - 2x - 3 = -\frac{1}{4}(x^2 + 8x) - 3 \\ & & & = -\frac{1}{4}(x^2 + 8x + 16 - 16) - 3 \\ & & & = -\frac{1}{4}((x+4)^2 - 16) - 3 \\ & & & = -\frac{1}{4}(x+4)^2 + 1 \\ & \frac{1}{4}x^2 + x + 5 = \frac{1}{4}(x^2 + 4x) + 5 \\ & & & = \frac{1}{4}(x^2 + 4x + 4 - 4) + 5 \\ & & & = \frac{1}{4}((x+2)^2 - 4) + 5 \\ & & & = \frac{1}{4}(x+2)^2 + 4 \end{aligned}$$

練習
$$\begin{array}{ll} \frac{1}{3}(x+3)^2 - 4 & -\frac{1}{2}(x-1)^2 - \frac{11}{2} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(x-5)^2 - \frac{19}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3}(x-6)^2 - 10$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(x-1)^2 - \frac{11}{2} \quad -\frac{1}{2}(x-7)^2 + \frac{57}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(x+2)^2 - 9 \quad -\frac{1}{2}(x+1)^2 + \frac{3}{2}$$